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Amendments to the Claims

Claims 1, 4, and 8 have been amended without any intention of disclaiming equivalents thereof. Claim 21 has been cancelled without prejudice to its subsequent reintroduction into this application or its introduction into a related application. Claims 10 and 33 have been amended to correct minor grammatical errors. The following list of claims replaces all prior versions and lists of claims in the application.

What is claimed is:

- (Currently amended) A method for detecting the presence <u>and location</u> of a post-translational modification on a target protein within a sample, comprising:
- (1) computationally analyzing amino acid sequence of said target protein to identify one or more candidate sites for said post-translational modification:
- (2) computationally identifying the an amino acid sequence of one or more fragments of said target protein, said fragment predictably resulting from a treatment of said target protein within said sample, and said fragment comprising said potential post-translational modification site and, separate therefrom, a PET (proteome epitope tag) unique to said fragment within said sample;
- (3) generating a capture agent that specifically binds said PET <u>separate from said post-translational modification on said fragment</u>, and immobilizing said capture agent to a support;
- (4) subjecting said sample to a treatment to render said fragment soluble in solution, and contacting said sample after said treatment to with said capture agent:
- (5) detecting, on said fragment bound to said capture agent, the presence or absence of said post-translational modification by using a secondary capture agent specific for said posttranslational modification, wherein said secondary capture agent is labeled by a detectable moiety.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said post-translational modification is acetylation, amidation, deamidation, prenylation, formylation, glycosylation, hydroxylation, methylation,

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myristoylation, phosphorylation, ubiquitination, ribosylation or sulphation.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein said post-translational modification is phosphorylation on tyrosine, serine or threonine.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said step of computationally analyzing amino acid sequences includes a Nearest-Neighbor <u>amino acid</u> Analysis that identifies said PET based on criteria that also include one or more of pI, charge, steric, solubility, hydrophobicity, polarity and solvent exposed area.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising determining the specificity of said capture agent generated in (3) against one or more nearest neighbor(s), if any, of said PET.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein peptide competition assay is used in determining the specificity of said capture agent generated in (3) against said nearest neighbor(s) of said PET.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said step of computationally analyzing amino acid sequences includes a solubility analysis that identifies a said PET that is predicted to have at least a threshold solubility under a designated solution condition.
- 8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the length of said PET is selected from 5-10 amino acids, 10-15 amino-acids, 15-20 amino acids, 20-25 amino acids, 25-30 amino acids, or 30-40 amino acids.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said capture agent is a full-length antibody, or a functional antibody fragment selected from: an Fab fragment, an F(ab')₂ fragment, an Fd fragment, an Fv fragment, a dAb fragment, an isolated complementarity determining region (CDR), a single chain antibody (scFv), or derivative thereof.

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10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said capture agent is <u>selected from</u>

nucleotides; nucleic acids; PNA (peptide nucleic acids); proteins; peptides; carbohydrates;

artificial polymers; or small organic molecules.

11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein said capture agent is aptamers, scaffolded

peptides, or small organic molecules.

12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said treatment is denaturation and/or

fragmentation of said sample by a protease, a chemical agent, physical shearing, or sonication.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein said denaturation is thermo-denaturation or

chemical denaturation.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said thermo-denaturation is followed by or

concurrent with proteolysis using thermo-stable proteases.

15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 13, wherein said thermo-denaturation comprises two or

more cycles of thermo-denaturation followed by protease digestion.

16. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein said fragmentation is carried out by a protease

selected from trypsin, chymotrypsin, pepsin, papain, carboxypeptidase, calpain, subtilisin, gluc-

C, endo lys-C, or proteinase K.

17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample is a body fluid selected from: saliva,

mucous, sweat, whole blood, serum, urine, amniotic fluid, genital fluid, fecal material, marrow,

plasma, spinal fluid, pericardial fluid, gastric fluid, abdominal fluid, peritoneal fluid, pleural fluid, synovial fluid, cyst fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, lung lavage fluid, lymphatic fluid, tears.

prostatite fluid, extraction from other body parts, or secretion from other glands; or from

supernatant, whole cell lysate, or cell fraction obtained by lysis and fractionation of cellular

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material, extract or fraction of cells obtained directly from a biological entity or cells grown in an

artificial environment.

18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample is obtained from human,

mouse, rat, frog, fish, fly, nematode, fission or budding yeast, or plant.

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample comprises membrane

bound proteins.

20. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said treatment is carried out under conditions to

preserve said post-translational modification.

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said capture agent is optimized for selectivity for

said PET under denaturing conditions.

23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said secondary capture agent is labeled by a detectable moiety selected from: an enzyme, a fluorescent label, a stainable dye, a

chemilumninescent compound, a colloidal particle, a radioactive isotope, a near-infrared dye, a

DNA dendrimer, a water-soluble quantum dot, a latex bead, a selenium particle, or a europium

nanoparticle.

24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein said post-translational modification is

phosphorylation, and said secondary capture agent is a labeled secondary antibody specific for

phosphorylated tyrosine, phosphorylated serine, or phosphorylated threonine.

25. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein said secondary antibody is labeled by an

enzyme or a fluorescent group.

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26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein said enzyme is HRP (horse radish peroxidase).

27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein said post-translational modification is

phosphorylation, and said secondary capture agent is a fluorescent dve that specifically stains

phosphoamino acids.

28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein said fluorescent due is Pro-O Diamond due.

29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein said post-translational modification is

glycosylation, and said labeled secondary capture agent is a labeled lectin specific for one or

more sugar moieties attached to the glycosylation site.

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30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein said post-translational modification is

ubiquitination, and said labeled secondary capture agent is a labeled secondary antibody specific

for ubiquitin.

31. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample contains billion molar excess of

unrelated proteins or fragments thereof relative to said fragment.

32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising quantitating the amount of

said fragment bound to said capture agent.

33. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step (3) is effectuated conducted by

immunizing an animal with an antigen comprising said PET sequence.

34. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the N- or C-terminus, or both, of said PET

sequence are blocked to eliminate free N- or C-terminus, or both.

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35. (Original) The method of claim 34, wherein the N- or C-terminus of said PET sequence are blocked by fusing the PET sequence to a heterologous carrier polypeptide, or blocked by a small

chemical group.

36.- 125. (Cancelled).

126. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 3, wherein said post-translational modification

is phosphorylation on tyrosine.

127. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein said post-translational

modification is phosphorylation, and said secondary capture agent is a labeled secondary

antibody specific for phosphorylated tyrosine.

128. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein said post-translational modification is phosphorylation, and said secondary capture agent is a fluorescent dye that specifically stains

phosphorylated tyrosine.

129. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein said capture agent is a full-length

antibody.

130. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein said secondary capture agent is

labeled by a fluorescent label.

131. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said secondary antibody is labeled

by a fluorescent group.

132. (Previously presented) The method of claim 127, wherein said secondary antibody is

labeled by a fluorescent group.